Cooling for all **without warming** the planet

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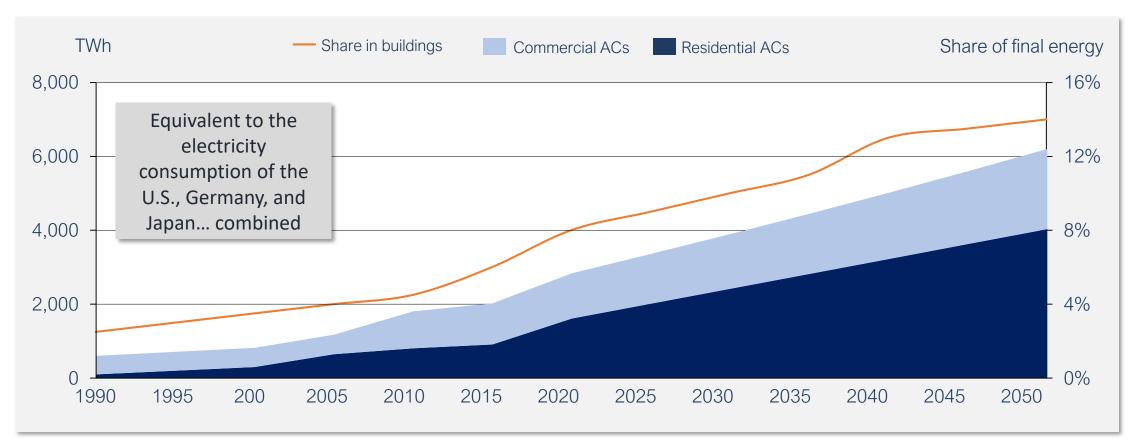
Prize

Global

WORLD BANK CO3OL WORKSHOP, NOVEMBER 28, 2018

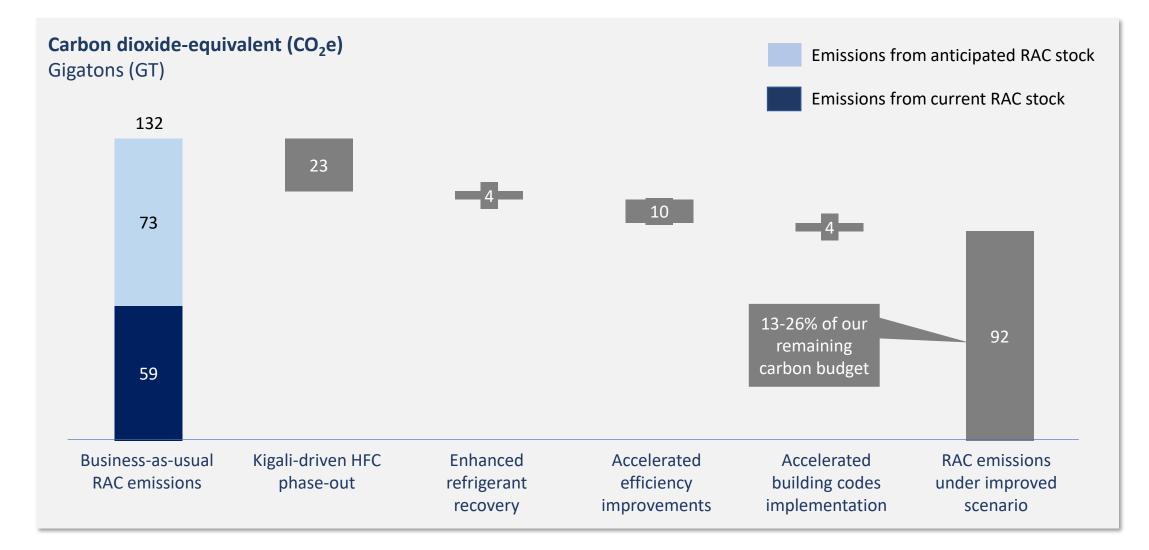
Residential AC's (RACs) will account for 8% of all energy use by 2050

Energy consumption associated with comfort cooling, 1990-2050



Global **ooling** Prize

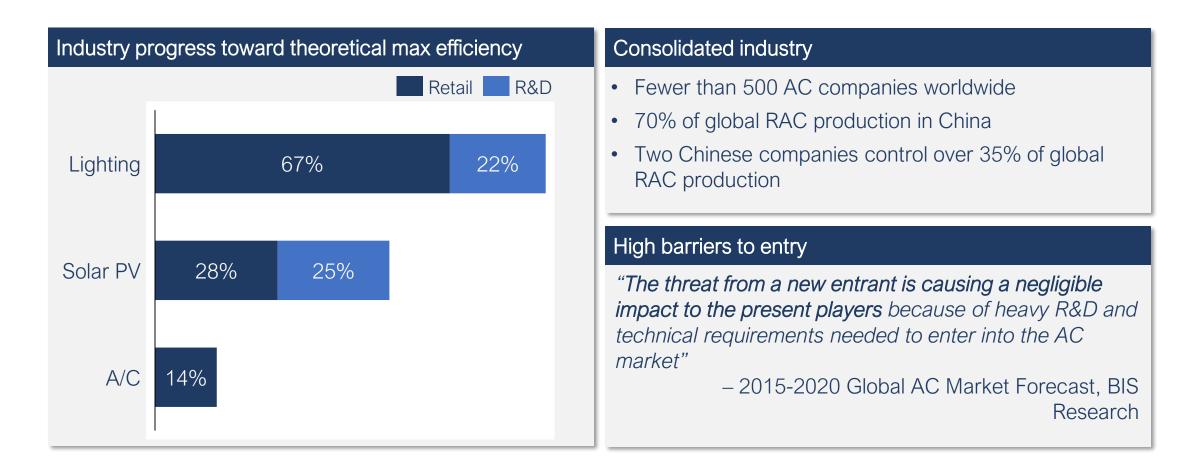
We are not moving far enough, fast enough, to mitigate the climate threat posed by growing demand for RACs



Global

3

The globally consolidated AC industry has made limited progress on energy efficiency



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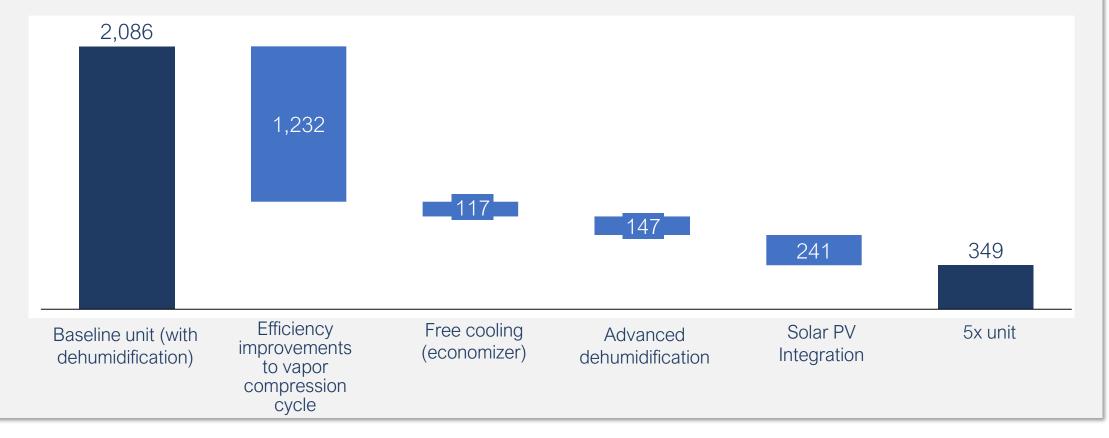
Prize

Global

Source: Greentech Media, "Sunpower Again Holds Record for World's Most Efficient Rooftop Solar Panel", 2017; PHYS, "White LEDs with Super-High Luminous Efficacy Could Satisfy All General Lighting Needs", 2010; Fujitsu, 2017; CLASP, "AC Challenge Program for India", 2017; LBNL, "Addressing Air Conditioner Energy Efficiency Lost in Translation to Strengthen Policy", 2018

A 4-5x reduction in RAC energy consumption is achievable with technology available today

Potential reduction in RAC electricity use: Illustrative pathway for a vapor-compression-based technology kWh/yr

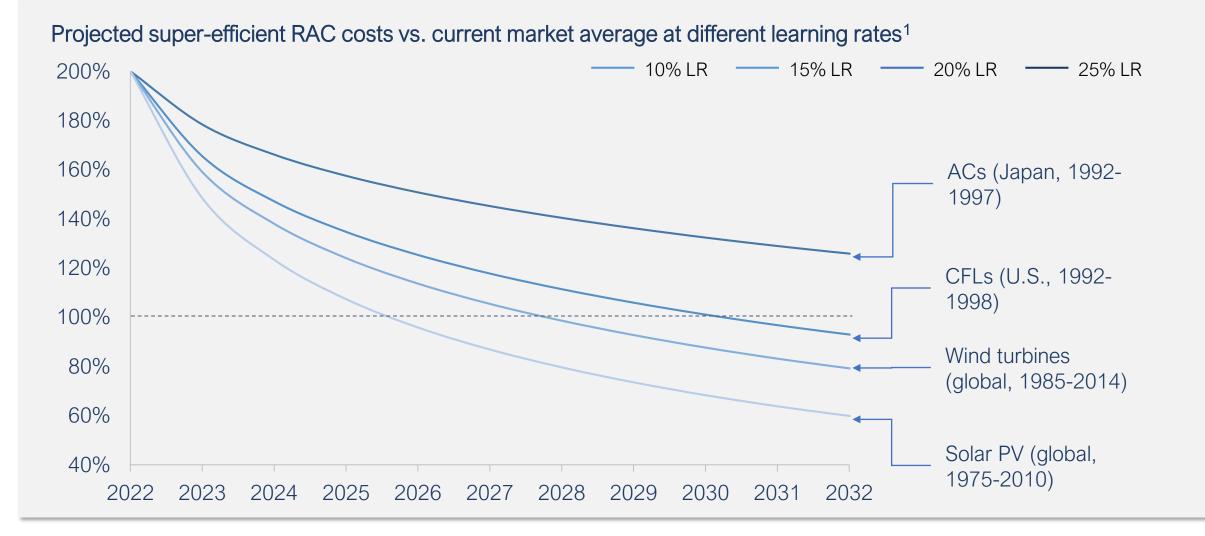


Sources:

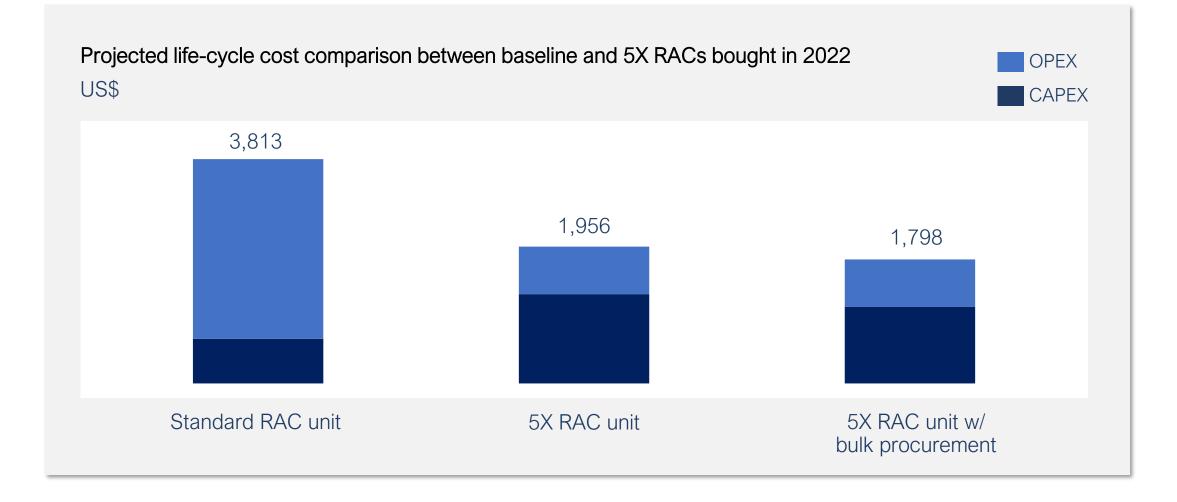
1 RMI Energy Modeling using data from BEOPT for US SEER 33 Mini Split (COP 5.4)

Global **ooling** Prize 2 ORNL (2015) Alternative Refrigerant Evaluation for High-Ambient-Temperature Environments: R-22 and R-410A Alternatives for Mini-Split Air Conditioners 3 Yun et al (2006) Comparison of Performance of a Residential Air-Conditioning System Using Microchannel and Fin and-Tube Heat Exchanger

Experience with other technologies suggests that a superefficient cooling solution could quickly achieve price parity



Global **ooling** Prize 1 The learning rate is the reduction in up-front cost resulting from a doubling in cumulative production volume Source: IAEA, "Learning Curves and Technology Assessment", 2003; Bloomberg New Energy Finance Super-efficient RACs could save consumers over \$1,800 in life-cycle costs, with a 3-4 year simple payback



Global **ooling** Source: RMI analysis Prize

The Global Cooling Prize is designed to raise the technology ceiling for RACs

Goal	5x	 Identify, award, and scale a breakthrough cooling solution that mitigates the climate risk from RAC growth. i.e., an RAC technology that: Has 5x less climate impact (electricity and refrigerant) than today's standard (EER 3.5) units; Operates within predefined constraints on refrigerant type and use, water, full- load power consumption, scalability and operational requirements Is affordable and will cost no more than 2x the price of today's standard units to the consumer at assessed industrial scale
Approach		 Host a global competition to spur innovation by multiple actors: Launch in November 2018 and run the competition for 2 years Administer and test competing technologies in India Secure demand via public and private sector advance market commitments (AMCs) and work with standards bodies on a step-change in minimum energy performance standards (MEPS) Help winner(s) commercialize their technology by building a supportive ecosystem of industry experts, investors, and professional service firms
Prize	USD3M+	 Financial rewards to support prototype development and commercialization At least USD2M as intermediate prizes to teams shortlisted based on their initial designs, in order to turn concepts into prototypes and enable them to compete for the final award At least USD1M to incubate, commercialize, and support investment in the winning technology

Our Prize criteria will ensure the RAC works for developing countries, in challenging conditions

Weighting for final evaluation: Climate criteria: 71.5%, affordability criteria: 28.5%

REFRIGERANTS IF USED Zero ODP, lower toxicity (Class A) and compliance with international safety standards

One-fifth of the life-time climate impact (electricity

and refrigerant) of the baseline unit¹



EMISSIONS Zero onsite emissions from any captive energy or power source

At assessed industrial scale, will cost less than

2x cost of the baseline unit to consumers

AFFORDABILITY



POWER Consumes less than 700W at rated cooling capacity

CLIMATE

Prize



OPERATION Maintains at or below 27°C DBT and 60% RH for the duration of the test period



Criteria used to

determine final award

Additional criteria used

to shortlist finalists

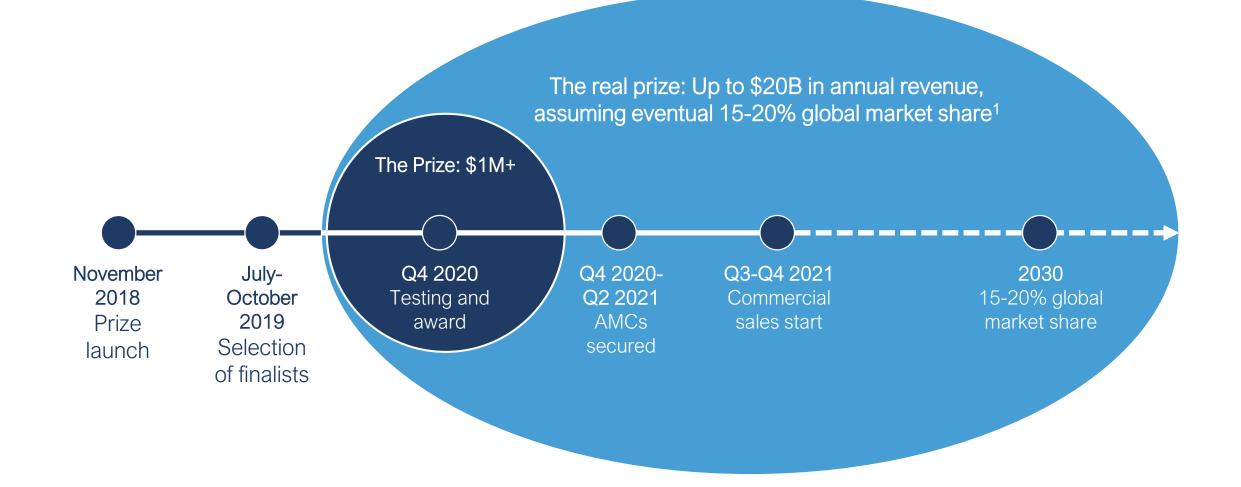
WATER Consumes less than 14 liters per day for onsite use



SCALABILITY Usable in existing homes, no "designed in" solution; <2x volumetric size of baseline unit



Global ooling ¹ The baseline unit represents the most common RAC product sold in India and is in accordance with the BEE defined ISEER rating for a 3 star AC in 2018. It is equivalent to EER 3.5 of a 5 star AC in 2016-17. ** The prize supplementary criteria are under review for finalization which will be completed within 60 days of the launch and the indicated prize supplementary criteria are to be considered as directional guidance until full ratification has been secured. The Prize award would represent just one milestone on the path to a global transformation for RAC technology

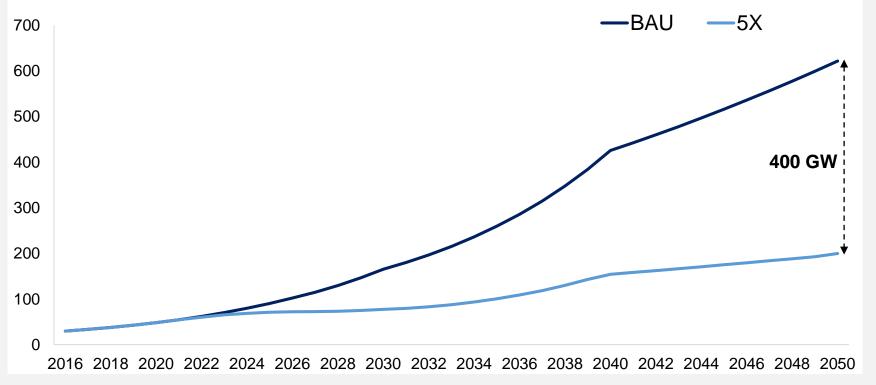


Global **ooling** Prize

1 Equivalent to current market share of the current largest players

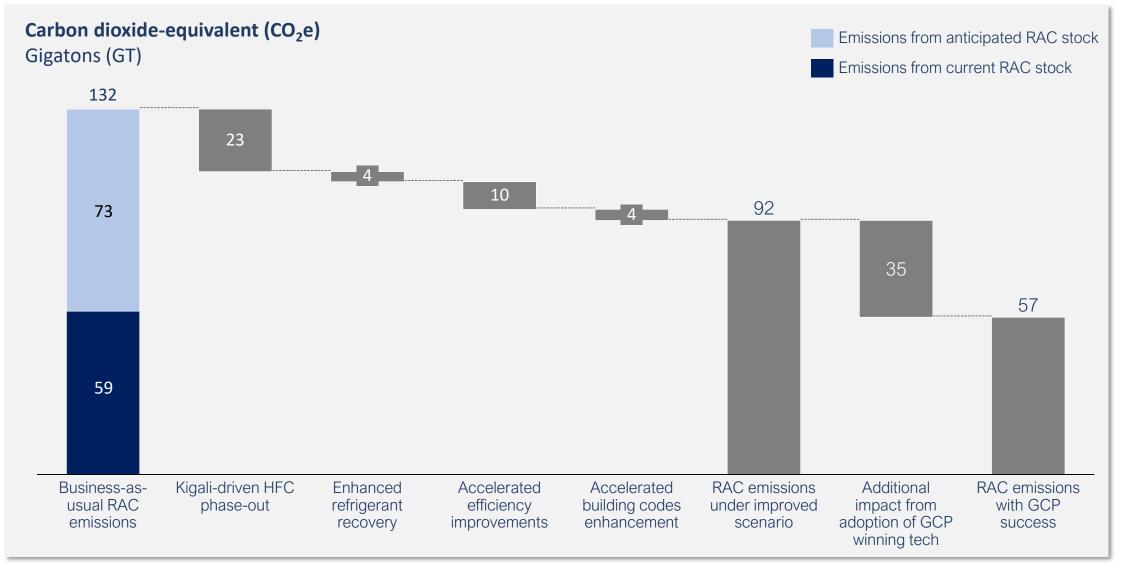
Super-efficient RACs could help India obviate the need for about 400 GW of generation capacity through 2050





Key Assumptions: Peak Coincidence Factor 0.5. Baseline EER of 3.1. 5x EER of 14.

Success with the Global Cooling Prize will help keep our Paris climate aspirations within reach



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The Global Cooling Prize coalition



Thank You!

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- Contact us at: info@globalcoolingprize.org