

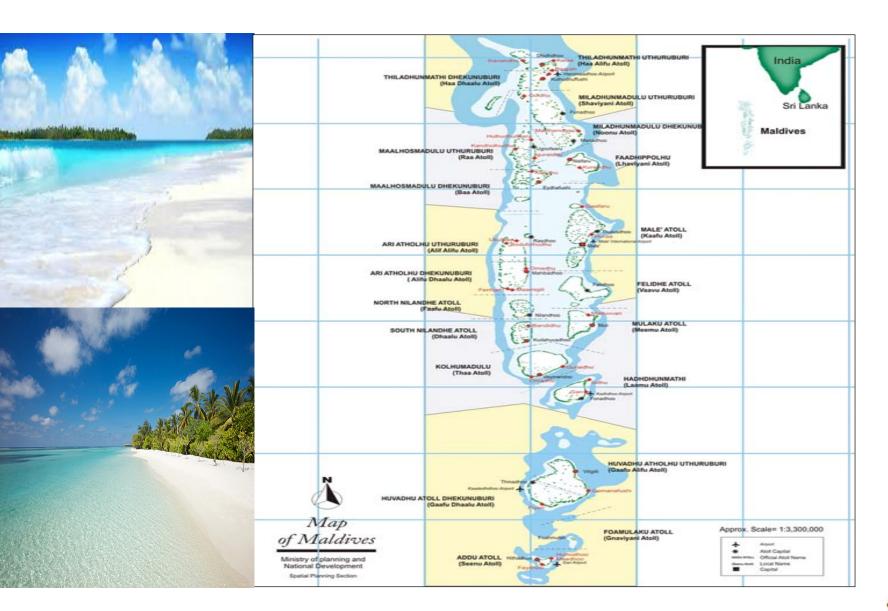




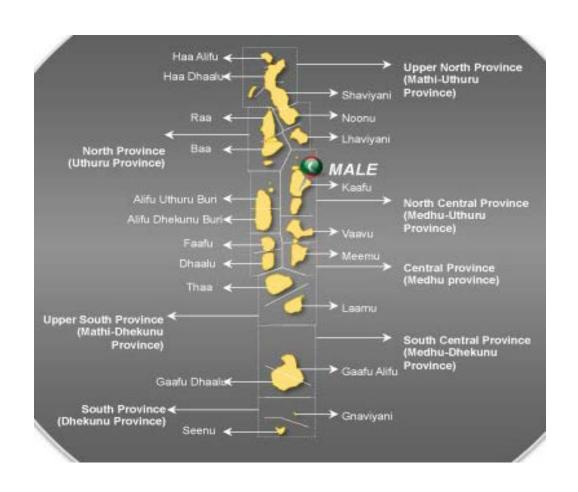
Maldives Energy System-Introduction

- An archipelago, located in south west of India and Sri Lanka
- 1,192 dispersed islands (grouped into 26 geographical atolls)
- Spreading over an area of 115,300 square kilometers occupying a total land area of 224 km²
 - 190 inhabited islands and over 100 resorts
 - about 344,023 habitants and about two third of the habitants live on the outer islands
- Access to electricity 100%
- Installed generation capacity
 - Over 140 MW in inhabited islands, 105 MW in resorts
 - Practically 100% diesel
- Significant changes in utility structure
 - Pre 2009 STELCO covered major islands and island Development Committees (IDCs) for others, and private individuals and NGOs (almost 10% STELCO, NGOs and private 5%, and Communities /IDCs 85%)
 - Transition to 7 regional utilities (2009)
 - Consolidation of outer islands to FENAKA (in 2013)while STELCO covers Greater Male and the region, covering about 30 islands





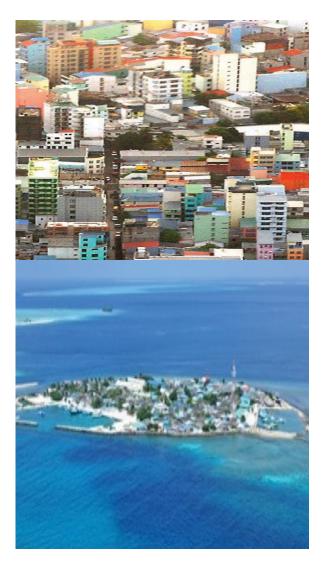






Maldives SREP IP Objectives

- > Transformation of electricity sector
- ➤ Large scale RE development
- ➤ Increase national energy security
- ➤ Creating a strong RE industry
- ➤ Attract foreign RE investors
- ➤ Emerge as model for other SIDS





SREP Component

ASPIRE Renewable Energy for Greater Male' Region

- 1. Greater Male' Region Solar PV investments
- 2. Waste-To-Energy (Thilafushi)
- 3. Greater Male' Region Renewable Power System Integration

POISED Renewable Energy for Outer Islands

- 1. Small power station RE
- 2. RE readiness Power system rehabilitation
- 3. Outer Island Solar/wind investments
- 4. Outer Island Waste-To-Energy investments

Technical Assistance and Capacity Building

- 1. Creating an enabling environment
- Human Capacity Building
- 3. Project Preparation and Feasibility studies
- 4. Improved access to quality data





ASPIRE - IMPLEMENTATION





ASPIRE

- Contract awarded to install 1.5MW solar PV in Hulhumale' island – in August 2015
 - All necessary agreements signed (Power Purchase Agreement, Roof Lease Agreement)
- Next phase contract preparation on going
 - 2.5MW roof top solar for Male



Design Objectives for POISED

- Optimum level of %RE penetration
- Minimize diesel fuel consumption
- Financial and economic viability
- Reduce impact on government budget for subsidies
- Minimize CO₂ emissions
- Minimize local environmental impact
- Optimize land-use
- Awareness of context, resources
- Flexibility



Transition Plan for Islands

- Type A Initially large islands Moderate RE
 - Up to 10% of energy or 30%-40% of peak-load
 - No Storage, new generators (where needed)
- Type B Medium RE
 - 10%-80% energy based on modeling
 - Storage back-up (security, grid support)
- Type C Initially very small islands Full RE
 - RE penetration close to 100% (peak <20kW)
 - Storage back-up (security, grid support, load-following)



Financing for POISED

- ADB Financing (GRANT)
 - ADF \$38 million (Jan 2015)
 - SREP \$ 12 million (Jan 2015)
 - Additional financing (JFJCM) (August 2015)
- Co-financing (LOAN)
 - EIB \$50 million (Approved in March 2016 and signed)
 - IsDB \$10 million (FFM in August 2016, not signed yet)







POISED - IMPLEMENTATION





Roadmap

• **Phase 1** – Covering 5 islands

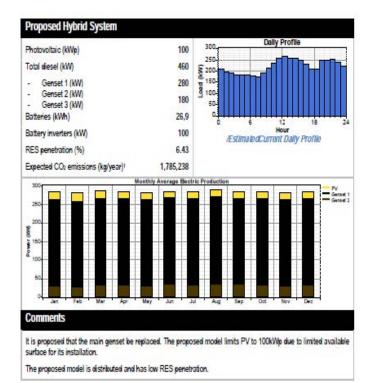
- Efficient island grids with renewable energy providing part of the electricity requirement
- Potential for scaling up solar initiatives
- Data collection and monitoring for design for later phases
- Replicability for subsequent phases

Subsequent Phases

- Sector project approach with agreed criteria for future projects
- Atoll based approach to improve procurement, implementation and logistics

1. ALIF DHAAL MAHIBADHOOL

| Atoll. Island: Alif Dhaal. Mahibadhoo | | | | | |
|---|-----------|--------------|--|--|--|
| Current situation: | | AND A SECOND | | | |
| Installed generation capacity (kW) | 460 | | | | |
| Population | 2235 | ASSESSMENT | | | |
| Measured peak (kW) | 370 | | | | |
| Energy consumption (MWh/day) | 5.2 | | | | |
| Specific fuel consumption (L/kWh) | 0.306 | | | | |
| Expected CO ₂ emissions (kg/year) ¹ | 2,007,410 | | | | |



Phase 1 - Islands

| | | Daily Peak | Annual Energy | |
|---------------|------------|------------|---------------|--|
| Island | Population | (kW) | (MWh) | |
| Addu City | 25,571 | 3850 | 22,161 | |
| Ga.Villingili | 3,460 | 481 | 2,684 | |
| Lh. Kurendhoo | 1,945 | 165 | 881 | |
| B. Goidhoo | 748 | 69 | 417 | |
| Th. Buruni | 579 | 78 | 322 | |





POISED Phase 1

| Island | PV (kW) | Diesel Generation (kW)* | Storage (kWh) | Type |
|------------|------------|---------------------------------|------------------|------|
| Addu City | 1600 | 6850 (1x1500, 3x1000, 3x750) | None** | А |
| Villingili | 300 | 800 (1x500, 1x300) | 78 | В |
| Khurendhoo | 300 | 254 (1X104 , 1X150) | 74 | В |
| Goidhoo | 200 | 160 | 78 | В |
| Buruni | 100 | 100 | 40 | В |

^{*} Existing Gensets retained on Addu and case to case replacements in other islands



^{**} Storage to be taken up under JFJCM with additional solar PV of 1 MW to be developed on Addu

Phase 1 - Status

5 islands Contract Awards — 22-29 October 2015

Other contracts

- Technical consultants recruited in December 2015
- Financial and IT consultants recruited in March 2016
- Complete and Commission by Feb and March 2017





















































POISED Phase 2

Greater Male'

- Replace smaller inefficient sets with
 - 8 MW Genset Awarded in April 2016
- Solar PV interventions are under the ASPIRE program (WB)

Outer Islands

- 2 atolls in the North
- HDh (13 islands) bid evaluation in process
- HA (14 islands) bid evaluation in process













POISED Phase 3

- Sh, N Call for tender January 2017
- Lh,K, AA, Adh, V Feasibility completed
- GA and GDh Feasibility completed





JFJCM Project

- Advanced energy storage in Addu
- 1 MW additional solar PV
- Consulting support
 - Design ongoing
 - Procurement to start in 2016







